

# The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 24

Published at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as second-class matter.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1880.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at \$7 a Year.

NUMBER 177

Who has changed sides, General Hancock or the Confederates? He is now leading the hosts he once tried to repulse and destroy.

If Hancock was right at Gettysburg, who is right now? He couldn't be right in 1863, for his party—the Solid South—says it hasn't changed.

The Democratic party attempted the feat of wiping out its past record by the skilful nomination of a Union general. A leopard, however, can not change its spots.

Who is right and who was wrong? In 1863, General Hancock fought to keep the Confederates from carrying Pennsylvania. In 1880 he is fighting with the Confederates in order that they may carry it.

There are nineteen chances out of twenty that whichever party carries New York will carry the election. Senator Conkling, who must be acknowledged as pretty good authority as to the outlook in that State, says he is confident that the Republicans will gain the State in November.

The question is, is it the part of common prudence and common wisdom to put the government in the hands of men who so lately sought to destroy it? or in other words, should those who rebelled and fought against the government, now rule the country, or should the men who were loyal and fought to defend it, continue in power?

Does any one doubt that the triumph of the Democratic party at the coming election would be a virtual triumph of the cause, and the ideas of the Solid South? Wade Hampton and Ben Hill, Lamar and Massena Butler, would have as much to say about running the government, as if either one of them was elected to the Presidency.

There is no Democrat who supports Hancock who will admit that the Democratic party has changed since 1861, when it inaugurated a war to destroy the government. If the party is the same now as then, why vote to put it in power, when it cost hundreds of thousands of lives and six billions of money to keep the same party from making a general wreck of the Union?

Do the Democrats of the North, and especially those who were loyal enough to go into the war to fight for their country, glory in the fact in 1880, that the main support of the Democracy are the Confederate forces? Do they point with pride to the fact that all the ex-slave States, and the men who still claim that the principles of Lee and Jackson, are not lost in this country, are the ones who expect to elect Hancock? Do they find pleasure in the thought that a Solid South with all its ignorance, rebellious spirit, and defiance of law, disregard for justice, is seeking to control the government? Do they cheer over the solemn fact that the Democratic party can only succeed by the shot-gun policy to disfranchise the Republican vote of the South.

We have been told time and time again, that when the Democrats got in power, they would not be controlled by the Confederates. They promise the country that if Hancock is elected, the ex-rebels will not dominate in the government. But what assurance can the Democrats give that they will keep their promise? When the Confederates captured the Senate and the House of Representatives, they promised that no Union soldier who had been disabled in the war, should be removed from the place he filled about the Capitol. But how did they keep the promise? Since the Democrats got possession of both houses, there have been seventy-six Union soldier employees discharged, and to fill their places eighty-eight rebel soldiers have been employed. Does this look as if the Democrats would not allow the Confederates to dictate? The experience of the last four or five years has been that the Confederates in Congress have always carried their point.

"Bob" Ingersoll's history of the Democracy: "Let me give you a bit of history. The first time it ever appeared was when they worked to keep the slave trade above till 1808. The first resort to this doctrine was for the protection of piracy and murder, and the next time they appealed to it was to keep the inter-slave trade alive, so that a man in Virginia could sell the very woman that nursed him in the rice-fields of the South. It was done so they could raise mankind as a crop. [Laughter.] It was it was a crop they could crush the year around. [Renewed laughter.] The next time they appealed to the doctrine in favor of the Fugitive Slave law, so that every white man in the North was to become a bond to buy up the track of the fugitive slave. Under that law the North agreed to catch women and give them back to the bloodhounds of the South. Under that infamy men and women were held and were kidnapped under the shadow of the dome of the National Capitol. If the Democratic party had remained in power it would be so now. [Cheers.] The South said: Be friends with us; all we want is to steal labor; be friends with us, all we want of you is to have you catch our slaves; be friends with us, all we want of you is to be in partnership in the business of slavery, and we are to take all the money and you are to have the disgrace and dishonor for your share. The dividend don't suit me. [Laughter.]"

## JUST WHERE THEY WERE MISTAKEN.

Very soon after the Democrats obtained possession of the House of Representatives, they began a series of investigations into the expenditures of the government. They had for so many years raised a prodigious clamor over the extravagance and corruption of the Republican administration of the government that it was quite possible that some of them actually believed their own assertions. Then, too, many who joined in the cry of "corruption" were old Democrats who had their criminal share in the misdeeds of previous Democratic administrations, when the disbursements of the government were insignificant compared with those of later years under Republican rule. These Democrats were so accustomed to plundering in old Democratic days, that they did not for a moment suppose the Republicans would fail to do the same thing when they had an opportunity. They thought if the Democrats would steal at every chance, the Republicans, who had excellent opportunities to reap rich harvests of plunder, would not be behind the good old Democratic custom. They could not believe it was possible for a party not to steal when it was in power, and therefore they supposed the Republicans had furnished them a rich mine for investigation.

There was a broad grin over the countenance of the Democratic party when it began to investigate into this Republican "corruption." So they set thirty-three committees to work in this political mine. They were all composed of Congressmen, and to prevent any mistake, a majority on each committee were Democrats. With these thirty-three Democratic investigating committees, and with the Republican party for investigation, the Democrats expected rich returns. Well, up to the latter part of 1879, only about a year ago, the committee had expended \$500,000, and what did they find? They could not find a single Republican officer who had been engaged in the Democratic custom of stealing! These Democratic committees did not convict a single Republican of stealing even a dollar from the government! To be sure the Democrats thought this was marvellously strange. They couldn't understand why the Republicans didn't improve the opportunities to do some stealing after the fashion of the Democrats when they were in power.

To still further perplex the mind of the Democratic investigators, Senator Windom, on the floor of the Senate, challenged the Democratic Senators to name a single Republican officer whom the thirty-three Democratic committees had proved to have stolen one dollar of the public money. What did the Democratic Senators say to this? They hung their heads and were silent.

The party which has stolen so much, which has never failed to improve a chance to steal when it was in power, now seeks to regain that lost power, and to defeat the Republican party, a party, which for economy, faithfulness, and grand deeds, has never had its equal in the history of the government.

## SUPPOSING A CASE.

The grand principles that underlie the Republican movement are loyalty to the flag, upholding public honor, a currency which cannot demand nor change in value, and a liberal protection to the industries of this country. These have always been the principles of the Republican party; and in all the history of political organizations, in any country or any age, there cannot be named one which has done so much for national honor, for human liberty, for the cause of intelligence, for the development of the country, for the home, and for the working man, as the Republican party. This is why we have no slaves in the United States today. This is why the Union has not been broken. This is why we have the best currency and the safest and the wisest banking system ever devised by man. This is why the country is enjoying so much of prosperity.

But suppose a case. Suppose the Democratic party had been successful during the rebellion? Suppose the Republican party had joined the Democrats in the declaration that the war was a failure, what would have been the consequences? Suppose the Democratic idea of State rights had prevailed, and the country had been divided, and slavery perpetuated, would that have been better to a united land and a free country?

Suppose the Republican party had not defended the credit of the nation, but had joined the Democratic party in 1868, in their schemes to repudiate the obligations of the government, and pay all the debt in greenbacks, what would have been the effect upon the business of the country?

Suppose the Democratic scheme in 1876 to defeat resumption and to issue floods of irredeemable paper, how would that have affected business, and especially the laboring man?

of the election-law in the South? What will become of our banks and our currency?

These are some of the mighty questions which must be answered in this canvass, and they are put to fair-minded and sensible men for answers. The great issue is not which party shall have the offices, but which principles, those of the North or the South shall govern in this Nation?

## THE CAMPAIGN.

Senator Conkling Creates Great Enthusiasm Among the Buckeyes.

Great Preparations for the Republican Meeting in New York.

The Bone of Contention Between the Democratic Faction in the Great City.

Oconomowoc Republicans Waking Up and Going to Work.

A Grand Republican Mass Meeting at Sparta.

The Milwaukee Greenbackers Set Up a Candidate for Congress.

The Presidential Party in the Sights in Oregon.

An Interesting Item Relating to National Finances.

The Rapid Rise in Pork in New York.

Archbishop Henri Again Reported as Dangerously Ill and Failing.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

## SENATOR CONKLING.

His Journey From Cleveland to Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, October 1.—Senator Conkling left Cleveland at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon by the Bee Line, and arrived here about half an hour after midnight. He traveled in a special car provided by President Devereaux, and attached to the rear end of the train, and was unattended save by a friend from the East, who has been with him since the commencement of the present trip. The journey down was desolate of anything like interest. Mr. Conkling has not been, and is not feeling, at all well, his indigestion having given him considerable annoyance during the past few days, so much so, last night, indeed, that he slept but very little, and was not, therefore, in prime condition for traveling. The result was that he lay down during a goodly portion of the trip, and attempted to get all the rest possible. The growths encountered now along the route didn't like it much, but they had to accept so good an excuse as ill-health, and respect it, too, although the failure to see the distinguished son of New York, except through the air window, was evidently a great disappointment. At Dayton the car was boarded by Lieutenant-Governor Hickenlooper, Col. L. M. Dayton, William Henry Davis, George W. Jones, Henry Kessler, L. N. Maxwell, Dr. Austin Walsin, a committee from the city appointed to greet the Senator and escort him here. On arriving some two hours later, Senator Conkling was taken to the Gibson house, where he will remain during his stay here. The arrangements for to-night, a monster torchlight procession and a meeting at the Highland house, where the Senator is to speak, promise the largest, most enthusiastic, and imposing political demonstrations ever held in Cincinnati or indeed in the State.

## NEW YORK.

Preparations for the Republican Meeting—The Democratic Faction.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The Republican National Executive Committee has issued a call for a meeting to take place at the Fifth Avenue hotel in this city on October 14. This will be the last meeting of the Committee prior to the election. General Grant is expected to be present, and invitations will be issued to prominent Republicans throughout the country to participate.

The Garfield and Arthur club of the Central Committee are actively at work completing arrangements for the parade of the Boys in Blue, which will take place in honor of General Grant when he arrives in this city. A large number of companies outside the city will participate in the display.

The city of New York has been divided into 678 election districts, and the registration of voters will begin on Tuesday Oct. 5th.

Notwithstanding the apparent harmony of the two wings of the Democratic party of this city, the affairs of that organization are in an extremely critical condition. A prominent Irving Hall Democrat stated the situation pretty clearly from his stand-point when he said: "We propose to demand the right to name the Mayor, and will not accept a union with Tammany hall on any other terms. John Kelly will not have the naming of the Mayor. Irving Hall has conceded all it will on other points, but on this point we intend to remain firm and demand what we fully believe to be our rights. We will demand the Mayoralty, not that

we may place a man in that position who will serve our own association selfishly, but one who, while he will be liberal in views and grant the representation of Democrats in the distribution of offices, will not be subservient to the dominating influence of one man in Tammany hall. We want a man whose administration will be a stand-by to this Bossism." Mr. Kelly is "Boss" in Tammany hall, and no man disputes his title; but when he claims to boss the entire Democratic party of the city it is time a rebuke was administered to him, and in such a form that he can not mistake its meaning. Irving Hall demands this as a right, because it controls the larger part of the Democratic vote of this city. In Presidential elections 75 per centum is opposed to the rule of Tammany hall.

At its best Tammany cannot poll more than 45,000 votes, and the Republicans at least about 60,000. I cannot say what will result of the conference tomorrow, but I do not know that Irving Hall will maintain its right to name the Mayor. If Mr. Kelly agrees to that, well and good. If not, probably nothing further will be done until after the election in Indiana, and then, if Tammany still proves obstinate, we shall make our own nominations and they can make theirs."

## THE CURRENCY.

An Interesting Item Relating to the Currency.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The Comptroller of the Currency reports additional circulation issued during August and September to be \$72,630; amount surrendered and destroyed, \$33,539; leaving decrease of circulation during two months of \$236,939. The net increase of national bank notes during the year ending October 1, 1880, was \$9,754,713. The increase of legal tender notes on deposit for the purpose of retiring national bank circulation, during August and September, was \$550,051. The increase during the year ending October 1, 1880, was \$7,179,922, and the amount of legal tender notes now on deposit is \$29,993,283. Total amount of national bank notes outstanding October 1, 1880, is \$42,579,833, not including national gold bank notes, amounting to \$1,325,000.

The following is a statement showing the amount of United States currency outstanding:

Old demand notes	\$4,925
Legal tender notes, all issues	\$6,681,600
Two-year notes of 1872	40,885
Two-year notes of 1873	12,420
Two-year coupon notes of 1873	23,350
Compound interest notes	21,210
Fractional currency, all issues	15,507,575

## GREENBACKERS.

They Set Up a Man for Congress in the Fourth District.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 30.—At the Greenback convention in this (the Fourth) district this afternoon, George Godfrey was nominated for Congress. The Greenback vote was 1,300 in the district two years ago, but Mr. Godfrey does not expect over half that number. It is difficult to tell what proportion of the vote comes from each of the old parties, and therefore the importance of the nomination in the Singer-Dewster contest cannot be stated.

## MONROE COUNTY.

A Grand Republican Rally at Sparta.

SPARTA, Sept. 30.—Colonel Clark E. Carr, of Illinois, addressed a large and enthusiastic mass meeting here this afternoon. Notwithstanding that the rain poured down in torrents just as the meeting was assembled, every town and precinct in Monroe county was well represented. The speaker who is a favorite with the audiences of Wisconsin, discussed the issues of the day in a manner which showed great ability as an orator. Monroe county will go heavy for the Republican ticket.

## ARCHBISHOP HENRI.

The Venerable Archbishop Henri's Death Expected at All Moments.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 30.—The venerable Archbishop Henri is lying at the point of death. He has been confined to his bed during the past fortnight. The beloved Archbishop is sinking peacefully, suffering little pain. He is literally worn out physically, although his mind is clear.

## OCOMOWOC.

Organization of a Garfield and Arthur Club.

OCOMOWOC, Sept. 30.—A meeting was held last night for the purpose of organizing a Garfield and Arthur club. After electing the necessary officers and transacting other business, the meeting adjourned until Saturday. A great deal of enthusiasm was kindled, and some good speakers will be engaged by the club, the cause will be greatly strengthened in this vicinity.

## THE PRESIDENT IN OREGON.

BOZEMAN, Sept. 20.—The President and party arrived here at 4:30 p. m. yesterday. They were met by a reception committee from Portland and Salem. A reception was held last evening at Roseburg. The address of welcome was made by General James Lane and responded to by the President. A very large crowd was present, and much enthusiasm prevailed. The entire Presidential party left this morning, and will proceed directly to Portland.

## PORK IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The Commercial Advertiser says the rise in pork, which has been the marked feature of the market the past few days, has been greater to-day than yesterday. The market closed yesterday at \$16.63, and this morning on the first call it rose to \$18 bid, with sales of 250 barrels at that rate, and \$18.60 asked. A few sales were made at \$17.80 and \$17.85. This afternoon at the 1:30 call, bidding was very active, and the ruling price was \$18, at which rate a large quantity was sold.

## A BLAINE SPEECH.

The Maine Senator Delivers a Great Speech at Newark, New Jersey. How He Pictures the Danger of a Change—The Evil Which Will Follow a Bourbon Victory—Points to Sensible Men to Read and Heed.

The following is the closing part of Senator Blaine's great speech at Newark, last week:

I will tell you another thing that will happen if Hancock is elected. We are going to have a thorough overhauling of the whole revenue and financial system of the United States. I suppose you would not hiss a man in Newark if he said something in favor of the doctrine of protection. [Applause and cheers.] If any man will look back over the history of the last 20 years and see what has been done in this splendid city of Newark, in your great and prosperous State, and all through the length and breadth of the land, and then say he is willing to put the whole of it to the hazard of an experiment by trying a new theory with new men, then that gentleman has a very inquiring and inquisitive turn of mind, and I would advise him to be satisfied. I could detain you until morning in recalling instances to show how in the case of New Jersey alone the prosperity of the people has been enormously developed by reason of the tariff. Why, I was told by Mr. Sloan, the carpet man in New York, that in 1860 the people of the United States imported \$7,000,000 worth of carpets, and last year they imported \$50,000,000 worth, and meantime they were using four times as many carpets as in 1860. Who thought, 25 years ago, of buying an American watch? Indeed, I don't know as one could be had. When there was protection on them the manufacture increased, and to-day we have outstripped the world in the manufacture of watches. The British India Railway Company, who wanted 2,000 watches to send out to Calcutta to their employees, bought them of the Waltham Company. We undersell the Swiss watch in Geneva, the German watch in Berlin, the English watch in London. I hold in my hand one that I am proud to exhibit to an audience, a watch that keeps admirable time. It is a stem-winder, is not used in gold nor even in silver; it is only nickel-plated, and I bought it for \$7.50. [Laughter.] I told a man that offered me \$10 once for it that I would rather carry it with me to the Senate of the United States as a product of American skill and an instance of what an American protective tariff will do. [Applause.]

Now, under the State rights theory another thing is going to happen. The old State bank system will be renewed. Now, mark that, gentlemen! They will flood this country with a shipload of currency. In the South they tell you they want money that won't run away. They say the money the Republicans have given them is so good they cannot hold it. If I were going to write an eulogy to the Republican party, and were confined to a single line outside of the great humanitarian scheme of the manumission of the slaves, I should hold up as the abolition of the old State bank system, as it is called, and crown and jewel. [Applause.] We had a precious lot of money in those days, but when one of the old banks failed that did you ever get out of it? There was a great deal left to hold a corner in the money market. [Laughter.] If I inherited any politics, they were of the White and not of the Black school, and I should naturally have been opposed to Andrew Jackson on the national bank system; but yet, from all I have read of his noble fight, I am compelled to admit that Jackson was right, and that he did a great deal for the people of the United States when he destroyed the old national banks; but yet Jackson did not the strength to root out the old State banks and they lived a generation longer until the Republicans completed the work. [Applause.] From that hour to this there has been no bad money in the country. [Applause.]

The Republican party have been upbraided because of their cruel treatment of the South. Every other part of the country, they said, was prosperous, but we were making an Ireland of the South. Well, ten years have gone by and we have reached the period of decennial enumeration, and the oppressed country which has been ridden by bad government, as the Democrats say, is having its census as well as the north. Take Virginia, which has not only been oppressed, but has had a debt of great magnitude on her shoulders, which she has been on the point of repudiating, its people notoriously emigrating to the West and Northwest, not a single town with the exception of one within its limits increasing in population. Virginia turns up smiling with an increase of population up to the ratio of Massachusetts or Ohio. [Applause and laughter.] West Virginia reports a gain of 60 per cent, and places herself alongside Minnesota. [Applause.] Kentucky rivaled Indiana and Tennessee keeps even with Illinois. Georgia, I think, is in excess of Pennsylvania; Alabama is equal to Massachusetts, and so on through, and I don't hesitate to say, although there has been a most persistent effort to keep it out of this canvass, that that Southern census will disclose, and will intentionally disclose, the fact from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000, more of people are in the South are not there. [Applause.] They are the names of people in the graveyard or of babies yet to be born. [Laughter.] To-day, in Alabama, the negro vote—mainly Republican—is about the same as the white vote, but Alabama turns up a majority of 90,000, and consequently presents this claim that every one of the white men shall exercise double the power in the election of the President of the United States than the white man in New Jersey does, for he votes for himself and for the negro too. In Mississippi, to-day, four ex-Confederate soldiers will exercise as much power electing Hancock as nine Union soldiers will elect Garfield. I don't know whether you wish that or not. I don't. [Applause.] Now, I say this cannot go on. There is not a race of people on the globe that is educated up to the standard of recognizing as decisive a majority of one, except the Anglo-Saxon. We have been educated to believe in the doctrine that the majority of one is just as strong as the majority of a million. [Applause.] And I say there is not enough strength in the allied armies of Europe, nor enough wealth in the allied treasuries of the world to make us submit to a fraudulent minority. [Applause and enthusiastic cheers.] The Republican party asks only an honest election, and if we

# GRAND OPENING! McKey & Bro.

WILL OPEN THEIR NEW STORE ON THE WEST SIDE WITH AN IMMENSE STOCK OF NEW GOODS, ON SATURDAY MORNING AT 9 O'CLOCK, FOR BUSINESS, AND THE DISPLAY OF THEIR STOCK.

## Something Entirely New For Janesville.

To Positively Prevent Mistakes. To treat every Man and Boy alike. To Facilitate Sales. In fact, to successfully manage A First Class, One Price, Square Dealing Clothing House.

We have marked each and every article IN PLAIN FIGURES, and from this date there will be no deviation under any circumstance. We have received our entire Fall and Winter Stock of

# READY MADE CLOTHING!

Cloths, Hats and Furnishing Goods, and they are now ready for inspection and sale at the One Price, Square Dealing Clothing House of

M. C. SMITH & SON.

are beaten on a fair vote, we'll fight to put the other side in at much as we would to put our own side in. But I want to say and repeat that the leaders of the Democratic party, North and South, do not to-night believe that they would have the slightest chance to carry the election this year if every man in the United States who had a right to vote did vote. [Applause.]

Ben. Brust, Horseheads, Clearing Co., N. Y., writes: I have been a victim to Dyspepsia in the worst shape it could attack an Englishman. I would sit down to enjoy a meal, of something I like, after taking a few mouthfuls, I would be overcome with a fullness of the stomach and have to stop. I constantly had the Heartburn and Headache, also a Dizziness. My mother procured me a bottle of Spring Blossom, it cured me, I can eat a square meal and enjoy it, I never felt better in my life.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Bargains, Bargains.

BOOTS, SHOES!

GLOVES & MITTENS.

NEW GOODS!

AND NEW STORE!

At the Old Stand, we have the Largest and Best variety of Gents', Ladies' Misses and Children's.

Fine Boots & Shoes

In the city, and as we buy in Large Quantities and thereby get the wholesale discount, it enables us to sell the best quality of Boots and Shoes

Lower than any Other House

In Southern Wisconsin, Also a Full Line of Gloves and Mittens that we sell at prices which defy competition.

PLEASE CALL!

And examine Goods and Prices, and oblige

A. RICHARDSON.

Don't forget the place, next to Farmers' Mills, in West Milwaukee St.

Blanks.

FOR Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

DR. MOWE

Is in Janesville this week and

WANTS TO SELL HIS HOMESTEAD

On West Bluff street. It is a beautiful home and if he can't get it worth is bound to sell for less. Enquire of J. B. Doe.

## New and Large Lot



## FLOWER POTS!

Hanging Baskets!

Shells, Urns,

## WINDOW BOXES!

See, Plain and Decorated, just opened at

Wheeler's Crockery Store.

ANOTHER

Lot of 10 Cent Hanging Baskets.

A few more Quart and Half-Gallon Mason Fruit Jars and Jelly Tumblers, and an immense stock of Crockery, Glass, Plated Ware, and General House-Furnishing Goods. Stock of New Lamps is immense.

actully

## Please Read This!

Insurance,

AND Real Estate Head-Quarters.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Represent sound old companies only. Risks written at best rates and losses promptly adjusted and paid. Houses and

Lots for sale. Farming Lands in the city for sale. Good bargains. Houses and Lots for

rent, and Money to loan on good real estate security at low rates of interest.

## DIMOCK & HAYNER

AGENTS.

SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

aug30th



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election Tuesday, November 24, 1880.

FOR PRESIDENT.  
JAMES A. GARFIELD,  
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.  
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,  
OF NEW YORK.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.  
At Large—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
1st District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
2nd District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
3rd District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
4th District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
5th District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
6th District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
7th District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
8th District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.

CONGRESSIONAL.  
First District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Second District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Third District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Fourth District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Fifth District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Sixth District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Seventh District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
Eighth District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.

STATE SENATE.  
Seventh District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
HAMILTON RICHARDSON, of Janesville.

ASSEMBLY.  
Third District—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
JAMES MENZIES, of Harmony.

COUNTY TICKET.  
For Sheriff—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
For Register of Deeds—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
For County Treasurer—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
For County Clerk—JAMES A. GARFIELD.

For District Attorney—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
For Clerk of the Court—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
For Surveyor—JAMES A. GARFIELD.  
For Coroner—JAMES A. GARFIELD.

ASSEMBLY CONVENTIONS.  
FIRST DISTRICT.  
The Republican Convention of the First Assembly District, will be held at Footville house, Footville, Saturday, October 30th, 1880, at 11 o'clock a. m., to nominate a candidate for Member of Assembly.

I. A. HOKIE,  
H. F. HOBBS,  
HENRY AUSTIN,  
Committee.

"HOME SWEET HOME."

A Midshipman's Story of Mexican Sea.

Fifty years ago I was a midshipman in the United States Navy; and I have memories of the service, one of which I will relate.

I sailed from New York on the 4th of February, 1829, on the sloop-of-war Hornet, a beautiful ship, which might have served as the original of the low, rakish craft described by Cooper in "The Pirate."

"The Pirate." I was detached from her on the 4th of July of that year, and six days later, after a voyage of about a month, we were in the Gulf of Mexico, with all on board, and no vestige of her was ever afterward seen by mortal eyes.

On one of the delicious afternoons of February peculiar to tropical climates, as the sun was nearing the western horizon, the Hornet lay becalmed on the south side of Cuba. The sea was unusually smooth, imparting hardly sufficient motion to the ship to disturb the sails as they hung loosely against the masts. I had not before so fully realized the mirror-like sheen of the unruffled bosom of the sea; but now it came home to me, and I felt that there was sublimity even in the repose of the "vast deep."

I could not gaze on it without being reminded, by contrast, of the tempests that anon sweep over it; and thus was its stillness associated with its commotion. Its quietude with its awful power. The sun was setting.

Not as in Northern climes, obscurely bright, but one unclouded blaze of living light. The whole sea, to the westward, was like liquid gold; and the sky, far up, glowed as if on fire. The rays penetrating the water seemed gilded cords binding the waves in place.

A few of the officers were on the forecastle, viewing the scene and conversing. With sailor-like versatility they passed from topic to topic, dwelling long on none, till, as the shades of the brief twilight fell around, their feelings seemed to change in accord with it, and the glories of the day were extinguished by the pull of night thick-set with stars; but almost as suddenly the light of the sun was succeeded from the opposite horizon, by a stream of silver light from the full moon in a cloudless sky. Then it was that memories came to all. Fathers thought tenderly of far-distant families; brothers recalled loved sisters; sons felt softened by recollections of maternal affection; and perhaps some young lover's heart beat quicker at the thought that she, a thousand miles away, whose eyes were life to him, might at that moment be gazing at the moon, and fancying that his, too, were at the same moment fixed upon it. For a time few words were spoken. All felt that silence was welcome. Each retired to the recesses of that sanctuary where the heart holds undisputed sway. I do not recall a time when the deck of the Hornet and the sea and the air were so utterly soundless.

Suddenly, but gently, from the midst of a knot of sailors sitting on the deck, a clear, melodious voice sang the first line of "Home, sweet home." As the words "Mid pleasures and palaces" swelled upon the ear, a single exclamation of pleasure escaped some of the hearers, but before the line was finished they hushed into silence again. We had all often heard the song, but never had it seemed to come so welcomingly, so thrillingly as then. Had it been sung by even an ordinary performer, the effect would, at that moment, have been great; but, breathed as it was, with a fervor and feeling I do not remember to have known excelled, in a voice full, manly, sympathetic, and evidently cultivated, it swept the chords of every heart. As the singer proceeded, men and officers silently gathered near him. The sturdy seaman seated himself by the side of his officers, and listened with held attention. The man whose locks were whitened by years, perhaps by worse, equally with the boy whose features were unmarked by the furrows of time, seemed to drink in the beautiful words as a life-giving draught.

How magical is music at such an hour! It comes to the heart like sunshine, dispelling gathered mists, and awaking high aspirations. The whole man is elevated, and he seeks in thought

to commune with higher and holier intelligences. Such were the feelings of that listening group, when the singer, at the close of the first stanza, eloquently burst forth with:

"There's no place like home. Emotion was visible in all. A slight tremor in his voice showed that he felt the words; and, when he concluded them, his pause was prolonged, and a deep sigh escaped him. When he recommenced, 'An exile from home,' the agitation of those around him was merged in attention, but his increased. His face was slightly averted, and the rays of the moon, as they fell upon it, had glided into a keen, earnest, down his rugged cheek, gave additional effect to the expression, evidently of pain, which his features bore.

He was, indeed, as I had learned, "an exile from home"—though from what cause I never discovered—and the smothered feeling of years was loosed, and found unrestrained expression. He continued. As the song drew to a close his emotion grew, with that of every one who listened. At length, as the line,

"There's no place like home rose on the stillness the last time, a rush of emotion was evident in all, which in many showed itself in tears. The man who from boyhood had braved ocean's perils; and he who, an outcast, knew no home; and he of turbid passions and untamed deeds, equally with the high-minded, the virtuous, and the pious, gave tribute of thanks to him who had so well timed and so feelingly sung one of the most grateful songs that ever greets a sailor's ear at sea.—Hon. G. C. Drake, in Interior.

PITH AND POINT.

A WILLIAMSBURG man stumbled and fell down five flights of stairs, and when he landed at the bottom, instead of calling for amica, he looked at his feet a moment, and then said: "Well, I hope you haven't any more objections to carrying my body about."—Oil City Derrick.

"In India there are 'Ashtavadhanis.' They are persons who can think of eight separate and distinct subjects at one time," says the New Haven Register, "but if one of them accidentally sat on a hot stove-cover, we'll bet the other seven things would go out of his mind quicker than he'd rise up."

"Why don't he come when the moon is full?" is the first line of a sentimental poem. We can only conceive two substantial reasons why he don't. The first is that probably it is not his desire, and secondly, it is possible that he is in the same condition the moon is.—Oswego Record.

A WATCH-DOG is a noble creature. A citizen of a Berkshire town bought one recently and the first night he and the animal it led him a two mile chase after the clergyman, who was attacked while coming in to call; and while they were away, three tramps cleaned out the old man's hen roost.—Boston Post.

"Hark, John, don't eat those crackers up!" "I said she with a hotnet snap." "That's some I saved on purpose to put in the baby's pail."

"Well," some I saved on purpose to put in the baby's pail. And reading, calling for the door, "What makes you so cross about it, then?" "Ain't the baby's pail?"

In accents wild he sang: If I could reach the nightingale And sing its notes to warble, Then he should sing of hill and dale, I love you, etc.

But she blandly reminded him, "You can't teach him, John; it's no use to try, but you can give a cow a lesson that would make a scholar of him."

And then she added that though birds that can sing and won't sing, should be made to sing, birds that can't sing and will sing should be made to hush.—N. O. Picayune.

MANY kind-hearted people will regret to know that there is something the matter with our old friend Jupiter. Jupp has been ailing for some time. He is now working his way towards the sun, which is very unfortunate for the massive planet at this season of the year. But the trouble is a spot that came on the surface of that planet about a year ago and will not "out." This spot has puzzled Jupiter's family physicians, and is now causing the gravest anxiety to his friends. This little spot is only 20,000 miles in diameter and is red in color. Early history neglects to state whether Jupiter ever had the measles or not. There is a strong probability that this may be the unfortunate planet's first experience with the disease. On account of its age and size it may go hard with our volucarian friend.—Detroit Free Press's Astronomer.

The profilograph is a new automatic device for tracing the profile of a road or district. It consists essentially of a two-wheeled carriage having suspended from the body between the wheels a heavy pendulum, free to swing in a line with the direction in which the carriage moves. As the carriage is drawn by a horse over the ground, the pendulum maintains a vertical position, whether moving on a level or up or down hill. The upper end of the pendulum, above the point of support, carries a pencil that touches a ribbon of paper moved by clockwork or by the movement of the wheels of the carriage, and, as long as the carriage is moving, makes a trace on the paper that is, as may be readily seen, a profile of the country passed over by the machine. At the same time one of the wheels, by a simple pedometer device, gives the distance traversed and makes a scale for comparison with the profile trace, to show the relations of the two measures of height and distance passed over by the machine.—Scientific.

In France farina is largely used for culinary purposes. The famed gravies, sauces, and soups of France are largely indebted to their excellence to that source, and its use in bread and pastry equally so, while a great deal of the so-called cognac, imported into England from France, is the product of the potato. Throughout Germany the same uses are common. In Poland the manufacture of spirits from the potato is a most extensive trade. "Stettin brandy," well known in England, and is sent from thence to many of her foreign possessions as the produce of the grape, and is placed on many a table of England as the same, while the fair ladies of our country perfume themselves with the spirit of potato, under the designation eau de Cologne. But there are other uses which this esculent is turned to abroad. After extracting the farina the pulp is manufactured into ornamental articles, such as picture frames, snuff-boxes, and several descriptions of toys, and the water that runs from it in the process of manufacture is a most valuable scourer. For perfectly cleansing woollens and such like articles, it is the housewife's panacea, and if the washerwoman happens to have chilblains she becomes cured by the operation.

The "Cracker" inhabitants who live on the Gulf coast of Florida are in the day time almost constantly in the water, fishing and oyster catching, and it is not uncommon to see barnacles growing on their legs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Collins' Cherry Cough Cure.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Peruvian Wine of Iron, PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Rosaline Cologne, Rosaline Jelly, PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

The Prentice Tooth Powder, PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

The Tolu Throat Tablets, PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Quinine Hair Vigor, PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Fragrant Cream of Roses, PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

We Come Again With

SPLENDIDS! TO GREET YOU.

SPLENDIDS! N. GRISWOLD

Sold more Base Burgers than any other House in Janesville.

SPLENDIDS! GO SOUTH! GO WEST! GO EAST! GO NORTH!

Chicago and North-Western RAIL-WAY.

2,380 MILES OF ROAD!

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE CIGARS!

IMPORTED KEY WEST! FINE HAVANA! AND DOMESTIC CIGARS!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF CIGARS, Some of the finest brands from the factory of J. C. & Co. of Chicago, are on hand and for sale at low prices. Also have and ten cent cigars from Key West Factory, and Imported Cigars twenty cents each.

JAMES S. CLARK, & P. O.

R. C. YEOMANS,

Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Janesville, Wis.

DRINK IN Wind-Mill, Garden and Set Length Force Pumps, Pine, Fittings, Drive, Points Deep and Shallow Well Cylinders.

Gas and Steam Fitting Goods! Globe and other Valves, Engine Trimmings, Rubber Hose, Sheet Rubber, Lead Pipe, Pack Ring, etc.

Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fitting a Specialty.

Get Pure, Fresh Milk!

FROM THE CHAMPION DAIRY

This Dairy is situated inside the city limits, within one mile of the Post Office, and the milk is delivered over smooth roads, (livery alternates from the cows, morning and evening, at 4:00 P. M. and 8:00 P. M. This Dairy produces 100 CENTS per quart. This Dairy produces 100 CENTS per quart. This Dairy produces 100 CENTS per quart.

For information, folders, maps, etc., not obtainable at Home Ticket Office, address any of the following:

DETROIT, Grand Haven and Milwaukee RAIL-WAY.

THE SHORTEST, CHEAPEST, AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO THE EAST!

STEAMSHIPS LEAVE DAILY, Saturdays excepted.

Milwaukee, depart 7:30 p. m. Grand Haven, depart 7:00 p. m. Detroit, arrive 12:15 p. m. Niagara Falls, arrive 8:30 p. m. Buffalo, arrive 8:45 p. m. New York, sec. day 10:30 p. m. Boston, arrive 2:40 p. m.

State rooms free on Steamers.

Only ONE NIGHT on the cars between Milwaukee and New York, Boston and principal eastern cities.

SAVING \$3.00! In railroad, and \$2.00 sleeping car fare, 100 miles in distance.

Tickets for sale at all principal depot offices in the northwest, at Company's office, 305 Broadway, and at Dock office, adjoining Union Depot, Milwaukee. HARRY DIABLO, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

The Great English Remedy for all diseases of the urinary organs, such as Catarrh, Gravel, Gleet, Hematuria, etc., and all diseases that follow as a consequence of the above. Particular success in the treatment of the urinary organs.

It is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

W. H. STENNETT, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE!

Mr. Geo. Hora, the jeweler, No. 41 Main St., having decided to leave Janesville, will sell at cost during the next two weeks, a large stock of Gold Goods, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Show Case, etc., and, etc.

Sept 27th 1880

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Visited Janesville

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all

CHRONIC DISEASES!

Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, catarrhs, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, etc.

DR. PRICE'S REPUTATION!

Has been acquired by his skill, honest dealing and years of successful practice. My practice, not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not tell down, make sick to make well; no harsh treatment, no trifling, no flattery. We know the cause and the remedy, and we work with knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of Chronic Diseases, exclusively; no encouragement without a promise. Cured in our opinion, reasonable in our charges, claim to do it, to know everything of cure, everybody, but to invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they abandon hope, make interrogations and decide for yourselves. It will cost nothing consultation is free. Visits made regularly.

Dr. V. Clarence Price

Can be consulted at JAMESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, Saturday the 23rd of October, 1880.

Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waukegan, Ill., with stamp, justeadly.

INSTANTANEOUS INVIGORATOR

The great secret of this medicine is its ability to instantly invigorate the system, and to drive out of the system all the impurities that have accumulated in the blood, and to restore the system to its normal state of health.

GO SOUTH! GO WEST! GO EAST! GO NORTH!

Chicago and North-Western RAIL-WAY.

2,380 MILES OF ROAD!

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE CIGARS!

IMPORTED KEY WEST! FINE HAVANA! AND DOMESTIC CIGARS!

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Sept 27th 1880

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. H. McCAUSEY

SURGEON DENTIST

Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

PATENTS.

Cotzhausen, Sylvester & Scheiber ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

DR. M. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon,

Office in Smith & Jackson's Block, over Cook's County National Bank, Janesville, Wis. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

DR. E. T. SANBORN.

Physician and Surgeon

Office open and calls attended to day and night. Opposite Post Office, over Cook's Jewelry Store and East of Bank.

Cassoday & Carpenter

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Tallman's Block, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

WARNER'S

SAFE

KIDNEY & LIVER CURE

A vegetable preparation and the only safe remedy in the world for Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and all Kidney, Liver and Gallbladder Diseases.

For the cure of Diabetes, call for Warner's Safe Kidney Cure, call for Warner's Safe Kidney Cure, call for Warner's Safe Kidney Cure.

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## BRIEFLETS.

—October is here.

—Temple of Honor to-night.

—The year has commenced to spend

its last quarter.

—The Ancient Order of United Work-

men meet to-night.

—At the special request of the Rev

W. H. Throop, rector of St. James'

church, Milwaukee, the Rev. A. L. Royce

will exchange with him, next Sunday.

—John Sheehy, half drunk, half crazy,

was giving a good many street speeches

last evening, and had to be led down to

jail to cool off. He will stay there five

days longer.

—John Arthur, of the town of Rock,

and living near this city, was so in disre-

spect as to fire a brick at a workman on the

railroad last July, and has managed to

elude the officers until yesterday after-

noon, when he appeared before Justice

Brooks, pleaded guilty to assault, and

was fined \$5 and costs, which he paid.

—Jackman's hearse has been complet-

ly rejuvenated and by the skill of J. B.

LaGrange, has been repainted in a man-

ner which makes it as fine a hearse as

can be seen in any city. It has been im-

proved greatly in appearance, and as it

now stands, there is no more elegant or

better one to be found anywhere. Jack-

man seems set on having the very best of

everything in his line.

—The civil strife has opened up again

in Black Hawk. Tom Rooney had Brid-

get Farrell arrested for stealing twenty-

five sticks of wood of the value of twenty-

five cents. Bridget was fined \$2 and

costs, and not having the money to pay

it, asked Rooney for the money he owed

her for turkeys. Rooney was about to

pay her, when a squabble ensued as to

whether the turkey claim were due in

November or now, and Rooney told her

that if she insisted the money was due

now, he wouldn't pay her, for he knew it

wasn't due. He would lend her the

money, though, but she wouldn't be

under any obligations to him, and so went

out on the street to borrow it. Now

Rooney claims that Bridget still keeps

up the practice of picking up wood on

his place, in spite of his orders to the

contrary, and has got out a summons for

trespass.

Best Accommodations for least money,

Astor House, New York.

OAK HILL CEMETERY.

The following are the interments in

Oak Hill cemetery during the month of

September:

September 2d Mrs. Maria Blodell, Janesville,

aged 81 years.

September 7th Charles Cook, Hamam, aged

82 years.

September 21st Mrs. D. Holloway, Janesville,

aged 42 years.

September 22nd Mrs. Kate M. Stevens, Janes-

ville, aged 72 years.

September 24th Edward Heller, Janesville,

aged 55 years.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PHILLIPS &amp; EVANS, DRUGGISTS.

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last

evening stood at 56 degrees above; at 1

o'clock a. m. to-day at 54 degrees above;

at 7 o'clock a. m. at 50 degrees above, and

at 1 o'clock p. m. at 65 degrees above.

The indications to-day are, for the up-

per lake region, falling barometer, slight

rise in temperature, light local rains,

partly cloudy weather, and variable winds,

generally from south to west.

EAST SIDE MARKET.

The arrangements are about completed

for opening a market place on the East

side of the river, the location being the

property on South Main street between

Milwaukee and Court streets, belonging

to E. H. Bennett, who has sold the lots

to C. B. Conrad. The piece of land en-

compasses four lots, making a total frontage

on Main street of 60 feet and running

through to Bluff street a distance of 264

feet, so that there will be an entrance on

Main street and also on Bluff

street. There will also be

entrances by alleyways on the south and

north sides so that there will be in all

four places of ingress and egress. A

piece owned by D. Jeffers just south of

the property purchased will also be

thrown open for market use. C. B. Conrad

has the charge of the enterprise, and the

merchants have arranged with him

for having the place fitted up with all the

conveniences for a market place, where

those having wood, hay, stock, in fact

anything for sale, can find a stand. An

office is to be built 15x18 feet, with an

oak floor, and well fitted up. A set

of Fairbanks scales will be

put in, and it is expected that Giles

Fisher will take charge of the same.

Wood tickets will also be issued to those

who desire to have their loads measured

and certified to. It has also been de-

cided to set apart Wednesday of each

week as a special market day, at which

time all those having horses, cows, etc.,

to sell, will gather there. Stalls are to be

built for the accommodation of stock, and

water and other conveniences will be

provided. In fact all the plans for a first

class market place are being prepared,

and within two weeks all will be in readi-

ness for business.

INSPECTION AND DANCE.

Last evening there was a large gather-

ing of ladies and gentlemen at Cannon's

hall, notwithstanding the unfavorable

frowns of skies and drizzling, weeping of

clouds. All seemed anxious not only to

join in the merry dance provided by the

Guards, but also to witness the inspec-

tion and drill of that company. By half-

past eight o'clock the gallery was crowded

with spectators, and shortly after that

time the Guards came marching up from

the army, and entered the

hall under command of Captain

Smith. They presented a fine

appearance, and went through a com-

pany drill, which excited praise from all

sides. Their rapidity and accuracy in ex-

ecuting movements created much com-

ment, and increased the favorable opinion

already held by our citizens. After this

company drill, Lieutenant Glass put a

portion of the company through a fancy

bayonet drill, which was excellent.

The inspection then followed, Colonel

Britton conducting the same, attended by

Colonel N. Smith, Adjutant Newman, and

Quartermaster Tattershall. There were

only thirty-eight men to answer to roll

call, an unusually light number for the

Guards, who have many more

enrolled. At the close of the

inspection, Anderson's orchestra took

their place, and the merry dance began.

A large number participated and all

seemed to enjoy the occasion heartily.

Shurtliff furnished an excellent supper,

and all the arrangements were in keep-

ing with the reputation which the Guards

have gained by their former entertain-

ments, and which they fully sustained in

this.

Oh let me from the festive board, to thee

my mother flee

And be thy secret sorrow shared by thee,

and